

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K/A

(Amendment No. 1)

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): **June 17, 2003** (April 4, 2003)



**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS, INC.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Delaware**

(State of other jurisdiction of incorporation)

**0-19756**

(Commission File Number)

**94-3023969**

(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

**34801 Campus Drive**

**Fremont, California 94555**

(Address of principal executive offices including zip code)

**(510) 574-1400**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

**Not Applicable**

(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

This Amended Current Report on Form 8-K/A amends and supplements the items, financial statements, exhibits and other portions of the Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Protein Design Labs, Inc. ("PDL") with the Commission on April 18, 2003.

**ITEM 2. ACQUISITION OR DISPOSITION OF ASSETS**

On April 4, 2003, we completed the acquisition of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. ("Eos") in accordance with the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of February 3, 2003, as amended by the Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of March 5, 2003 and the Amendment No. 2 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of March 26, 2003, as filed with the Commission on Form 8-K on April 18, 2003.

Eos develops therapeutic antibodies for cancer and other major diseases.

In connection with this acquisition, we issued an aggregate of approximately 4,180,375 shares of our Common Stock (approximately 151,000 shares were withheld from Eos shareholders to provide for the Eos shareholder tax liabilities incurred in connection with receipt of the shares issued in the acquisition) in exchange for all outstanding shares of Eos preferred and common stock. The share issuances were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Certain shares issued will be held in escrow pursuant to the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, as amended.

The acquisition of Eos was structured as a reorganization within the meaning of Section 368(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and has been accounted for under the "purchase" method of accounting.

The preceding discussion of the significant terms and provisions of the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, as amended, among Protein Design Labs, Inc. ("PDL"), Tikal Acquisition Corp. and Eos is qualified by reference to the agreements, as filed with the Commission on Form 8-K on April 18, 2003.

**ITEM 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND EXHIBITS**

(a) Financial statements of businesses acquired

See Exhibit 99.3 for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 unaudited condensed financial statements and Exhibit 99.2 for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 audited financial statements of Eos.

(b) Pro forma financial information

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 31, 2003 is presented as if PDL's acquisition of Eos had occurred as of that date. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 and the year ended December 31, 2002 are presented as if PDL's acquisition of Eos had occurred on January 1, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The acquisition has been accounted for as an acquisition of assets rather than as a business combination as Eos is a development stage company that has not commenced its planned principal operations. Eos lacks the necessary elements of a business because it does not have completed products and, therefore, no ability to access customers.

The pro forma adjustments represent, in the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to present PDL's pro forma results of operations and financial position in accordance with Article 11 of SEC Regulation S-X and are based upon available information and certain assumptions considered reasonable under the circumstances. The estimated purchase price has been allocated to the acquired assets and liabilities assumed based on a preliminary determination of their respective fair values.

The pro forma information may not necessarily be indicative of PDL's results of operations or financial position had the transaction been in effect as of or for the periods presented, nor is such information necessarily indicative of PDL's results of operations or financial position for any future period or date. Furthermore, no effect has been given in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for synergies that may be realized through the combination of PDL and Eos or costs that may be incurred in integrating their operations. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements should be read in conjunction with PDL's audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in PDL's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and notes thereto included in PDL's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 and the historical financial statements, including the notes thereto, of Eos, included as Exhibits 99.2 and 99.3 to this Amended Current Report on Form 8-K/A filed with the SEC on June 17, 2003.

**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS, INC.**  
**PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED BALANCE SHEET**  
(unaudited)  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	March 31, 2003			
	Protein Design Labs, Inc.	Eos Biotechnology Inc.	Pro forma adjustments	Pro forma
<b>Assets</b>				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 356,619	\$ 2,479	\$ --	\$ 359,098
Marketable securities	235,599	--	--	235,599
Other current assets	6,784	662	(5) A	7,441
Total current assets	599,002	3,141	(5)	602,138
Property, plant and equipment, net	86,988	2,679	--	89,667
Other assets	2,688	482	1,410 A (131) A	4,449
Convertible note receivable	30,000	--	--	30,000
Total assets	\$ 718,678	\$ 6,302	\$ 1,274	\$ 726,254
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 2,211	\$ 963	\$ --	\$ 3,174
Accrued compensation	2,022	197	2,397 B 163 A	4,779
Accrued clinical trial costs	2,055	--	--	2,055
Accrued interest	1,008	--	--	1,008
Other accrued liabilities	5,292	763	2,252 C 360 A	8,667
Deferred rent	--	81	--	81
Current portion of notes payable	--	808	--	808
Current portion of capital lease obligations	--	464	--	464
Current portion of other long-term debt	474	--	--	474
Total current liabilities	13,062	3,276	5,172	21,510
Convertible subordinated notes	150,000	--	--	150,000
Other long-term debt	8,303	--	--	8,303
Notes payable	--	978	--	978
Capital leases obligations	--	116	--	116
Redeemable convertible preferred stock	--	70,557	(70,557) D	--
Stockholders' equity:				
Preferred stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 10,000 shares authorized; no shares issued and outstanding	--	--	--	--
Common stock, par value \$0.01 per share, 250,000 shares authorized; 93,364 shares issued and outstanding	892	8	(8) D 42 E	934
Additional paid-in capital	628,319	2,523	(2,523) D 34,120 E	662,439

Notes receivable from stockholders	--	(478)	478	D	--
Deferred stock-based compensation	--	(45)	45	D	--
Accumulated other comprehensive income	4,510	--	--		4,510
Accumulated deficit	(86,408)	(70,633)	70,633	D	(122,536)
			(36,128)	F	
-----					
Total stockholders' equity (net capital deficiency)	547,313	(68,625)	66,659		545,347
	-----	-----	-----		-----
	\$ 718,678	\$ 6,302	\$ 1,274		\$ 726,254
	=====	=====	=====		=====

See notes to pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS, INC.**  
**PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
(unaudited)  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Quarter Ended March 31, 2003			
	Protein Design Labs, Inc.	Eos Biotechnology Inc.	Pro forma adjustments	Pro forma
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Revenues:				
Royalties	\$ 17,145	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 17,145
License and other	5,602	--	--	5,602
Research revenues	--	2,570	--	2,570
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total revenues	22,747	2,570	--	25,317
Costs and expenses:				
Research and development	16,392	4,345	158 G	20,895
General and administrative	5,070	1,473	18 G	6,561
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Total costs and expenses	21,462	5,818	176	27,456
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Operating income (loss)	1,285	(3,248)	(176)	(2,139)
Interest income	4,672	32	--	4,704
Interest expense	(1,706)	(64)	--	(1,770)
Impairment loss on investment	(150)	--	--	(150)
Other income (expense), net	--	4	--	4
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Income (loss) before income taxes	4,101	(3,276)	(176)	649
Provision for income taxes	32	--	--	32
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Net income (loss)	\$ 4,069	\$ (3,276)	\$ (176)	\$ 617
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net income per share:				
Basic	\$ 0.05			\$ 0.01
	=====			=====
Diluted	\$ 0.05			\$ 0.01
	=====			=====
Weighted average number of shares:				
Basic	89,182		4,180 H	93,362
	=====			=====
Diluted	90,150		4,180 H	94,330
	=====			=====

See notes to pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS, INC.**  
**PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS**  
(unaudited)  
(In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Year ended December 31, 2002			
	Protein Design Labs, Inc.	Eos Biotechnology Inc.	Pro forma adjustments	Pro forma
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Revenues:				
Royalties	\$ 40,421	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 40,421
License and other	5,952	--	--	5,952
Research revenues	--	4,717	--	4,717

Total revenues	46,373	4,717	--	51,090
Costs and expenses:				
Research and development	57,978	21,699	633 I	80,310
General and administrative	19,093	4,210	72 I	23,375
Total costs and expenses	77,071	25,909	705	103,685
Operating loss	(30,698)	(21,192)	(705)	(52,595)
Interest income	25,978	720	--	26,698
Interest expense	(8,426)	(349)	--	(8,775)
Impairment loss on investment	(1,366)	--	--	(1,366)
Other income (expense), net	--	(6,528)	--	(6,528)
Loss before income taxes	(14,512)	(27,349)	(705)	(42,566)
Provision for income taxes	42	--	--	42
Net loss	\$ (14,554)	\$ (27,349)	\$ (705)	\$ (42,608)
Net loss per share:				
Basic	\$ (0.16)			\$ (0.46)
Diluted	\$ (0.16)			\$ (0.46)
Weighted average number of shares:				
Basic	88,865		4,180 J	93,045
Diluted	88,865		4,180 J	93,045

See notes to pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

## NOTES TO PRO FORMA CONDENSED COMBINED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Basis of Presentation

On April 4, 2003, we completed the acquisition of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. in accordance with the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of February 3, 2003, as amended by the Amendment No. 1 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of March 5, 2003 and the Amendment No. 2 to the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization dated as of March 26, 2003, as filed with the Commission on Form 8-K on April 18, 2003.

In connection with this acquisition, we issued an aggregate of approximately 4,180,375 shares of our Common Stock (approximately 151,000 shares were withheld from Eos shareholders to provide for the Eos shareholder tax liabilities incurred in connection with receipt of the shares issued in the acquisition) in exchange for all outstanding shares of Eos preferred and common stock. The share issuances were exempt from registration pursuant to Section 3(a)(10) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. Certain shares issued will be held in escrow pursuant to the terms of the Agreement and Plan of Merger and Reorganization, as amended.

The Eos acquisition has been accounted for as an acquisition of assets rather than as a business combination as Eos is a development stage company that has not commenced its planned principal operations. Eos lacks the necessary elements of a business because it does not have completed products and, therefore, no ability to access customers.

The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements present financial information for PDL giving effect to the acquisition of the net assets of Eos. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet as of March 31, 2003 is presented as if the acquisition occurred on that date. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003 and the year ended December 31, 2002 are presented as if the acquisition had occurred on January 1, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

For purposes of the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements, we have estimated an aggregate preliminary purchase price of \$38.8 million, including shares issued to the Eos stockholders of \$35.4 million (including the value of shares withheld to provide for tax liabilities of \$1.2 million), estimated transaction costs of \$2.2 million and estimated employee change of control costs of \$1.2 million. The average closing market price of our Common Stock a few days before and after February 4, 2003, (the announcement date) was \$8.17 per share. The unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements reflect adjustments that are based upon preliminary estimates of the allocation of the purchase price to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities of Eos based on available information and certain assumptions that PDL believes are reasonable in the circumstances.

PDL anticipates a significant portion of the purchase price (currently estimated to be \$36.1 million) to be allocated to acquired in-process research and development due to Eos' incomplete research and development programs that had not yet reached technological feasibility as of April 4, 2003 and had no alternative future use as of that date. A summary of these programs follows:

Program	Description	Status of Development at Acquisition Date	Value Assigned (\$ in millions)
Anti-angiogenesis (Anti- $\alpha$ 5 $\beta$ 1 Integrin Antibody - Mab)	Function-blocking antibody that targets a specific integrin for solid tumors, including pancreatic, non-small lung and colorectal cancers.	IND filed December 2002; Phase 1 clinical trials expected to start in early 2003	\$23.0
Ocular Neovascularization		IND expected late 2003	\$13.1

(Anti- $\alpha$ 5 $\beta$ 1 Integrin Antibody - Fab)	Fab fragment of Anti- $\alpha$ 5 $\beta$ 1 Integrin Antibody - Mab for ocular indications, including age-related macular degeneration.
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The nature of the remaining efforts for completion of the acquired in-process research and development projects primarily consist of initiating clinical trials and studies, the cost, length and success of which are extremely difficult to determine. Numerous risks and uncertainties exist with timely completion of development, including the uncertainty and timing of patient enrollment and uncertainties related to the results of the studies, including interpretation of the data and obtaining FDA and other regulatory body approvals. Feedback from regulatory authorities or results from clinical studies might require modifications or delays in later stage clinical trials or additional studies to be performed. The acquired products under development may never be successfully commercialized due to the uncertainties associated with the pricing of new pharmaceuticals and the fact that the cost of sales to produce these products in a commercial setting has not been determined. If these programs can not be completed on a timely basis, then our prospects for future revenue growth would be adversely impacted.

The preliminary value of the acquired in-process research and development was determined by estimating the related future probability-adjusted net cash flows, which were then discounted to present value using a rate of 15%. This discount rate is a significant assumption and is based on PDL's estimated weighted average cost of capital taking into account the risks associated with the projects acquired. The estimated cash flows from such projects were based on estimates of revenues and operating profits related to such projects considering the stage of development of each potential product acquired, the time and resources needed to complete each product, the estimated life of each potential commercialized product and associated risks including the inherent difficulties and uncertainties in developing a drug compound including obtaining FDA and other regulatory approvals, and risks related to the viability of and potential alternative treatments in any future target markets. In determining the value of the acquired in-process research and development, the assumed commercialization dates used for the potential products were 2008 and 2009.

The final allocation of the purchase price, which may be different from the current estimate, will be based, in part, upon a report prepared by an independent third party and a comprehensive evaluation of the fair value of the acquired intangible assets and assumed liabilities, including the acquired in-process research and development and liabilities assumed as of the closing date. The final determination of the intangible assets purchased may result in future amortization expense that is different from the preliminary estimate of this amount. As a result of these uncertainties, the exact amount of the final purchase price and allocation of such purchase price may differ from the amounts estimated in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined financial statements.

The charge for acquired in-process research and development will be recorded as of the acquisition closing date of April 4, 2003 and will be included in PDL's statement of operations for the quarter ending June 30, 2003.

#### Unaudited Pro Forma Adjustments

##### Pro Forma Condensed Combined Balance Sheet as of March 31, 2003

- A. Adjustments to the historical amounts of Eos' net assets to reflect the estimated fair values of identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed. The \$1.4 million of other assets acquired relates to Eos' assembled workforce, which will be amortized over 2 years, the estimated useful life of this intangible asset.
- B. Reflects accrued compensation related to estimated payments to former employees under change of control agreements and certain tax withholdings which have been included as part of the purchase consideration.
- C. Reflects the estimated liability for costs and expenses directly related to this transaction, including investment banking, legal and accounting fees which have been included as part of the purchase consideration.
- D. Reflects the elimination of Eos' net capital deficiency accounts.
- E. Reflects the issuance of approximately 4,180,375 shares of our Common Stock in exchange for all outstanding shares of Eos preferred and common stock.
- F. Reflects the estimated acquired in-process research and development charge of \$36.1 million related to the acquisition. This acquired in-process research and development charge is reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined balance sheet, but is not reflected in the unaudited pro forma condensed combined statements of operations included herein since it is a nonrecurring charge directly attributable to the transaction. The acquired in-process research and development charge will be reflected as an expense in PDL's consolidated statement of operations for the quarter ending June 30, 2003.

##### Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the quarter ended March 31, 2003

- G. Reflects the amortization of \$0.2 million of the acquired intangible asset based on its estimated fair value and estimated useful life assigned to this asset at the date of acquisition.
- H. Reflects the increase in Common Stock outstanding as a result of the acquisition.

##### Pro Forma Condensed Combined Statement of Operations for the year ended December 31, 2002

- I. Reflects the amortization of \$0.7 million of the acquired intangible asset based on its estimated fair value and estimated useful life assigned to this asset at the date of acquisition.
- J. Reflects the increase in Common Stock outstanding as a result of the acquisition.

(c) Exhibits

Exhibit Number	Description
<a href="#">23.1*</a>	<a href="#">Consent of Ernst and Young LLP</a>
<a href="#">99.1*</a>	<a href="#">Press Release, issued by Protein Design Labs, Inc. on April 7, 2003</a> (1)
<a href="#">99.2*</a>	<a href="#">Financial statements of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. for the years ended December 31, 2002</a>
<a href="#">99.3 *</a>	

	<a href="#">Financial statements of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. for the quarters ended March 31, 2003 and 2002</a>
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<a href="#">99.4*</a>	<a href="#">Certification</a>
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(1) Filed as Exhibit 99.1 to Current Report on Form 8-K filed by Protein Design Labs, Inc. with the SEC on April 18, 2003

\* Also provided in PDF format as a courtesy.

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### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this amended report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS, INC.**  
(registrant)

/s/Glen Sato  
Glen Sato  
Senior Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

Date: June 17, 2003

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**CONSENT OF ERNST & YOUNG LLP, INDEPENDENT AUDITORS**

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements of Protein Design Labs, Inc. on Form S-3 No. 333-36708, and in the related Prospectus, and on Form S-8 Nos. 333-44762, 333-87957, 33-65224, 33-50116, 333- 104170, 33-50114, 33-96318 and 333-68314 pertaining to the 1993 Employee Stock Purchase Plan, Outside Directors Stock Option Plan, 2002 Outside Directors Stock Option Plan, 1991 Stock Option Plan, 1999 Nonstatutory Stock Option Plan and 1999 Stock Option Plan of Protein Design Labs, Inc. of our report dated February 24, 2003, with respect to the financial statements of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. as of and for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, included in this Current Report (Form 8-K/A) dated June 17, 2003.

/s/ ERNST & YOUNG LLP

Palo Alto, California  
June 12, 2003



For Immediate Release

Contact:

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Corporate Communications  
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**PROTEIN DESIGN LABS COMPLETES ACQUISITION  
OF EOS BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.**

Fremont, Calif., April 7, 2003 -- Protein Design Labs, Inc. (PDL) (Nasdaq: PDLI), a leader in antibody humanization and development, today announced that it has completed its acquisition of privately held Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (Eos), a pioneer in the discovery of therapeutic antibodies based on information from the human genome. By applying a disease-based approach and a suite of proprietary discovery technologies, Eos identifies antibodies that selectively and specifically target pathogenic cells.

Mark McDade, PDL's Chief Executive Officer, said, "This is an important step forward that expands our research, preclinical and clinical development pipelines. Eos adds more than 20 antibody targets to our research portfolio in oncology and antibodies directed to a number of these targets are in various stages of functional validation. In the near-term, this transaction helps build our clinical focus in oncology with the anti-(alpha)5(beta)1 integrin antibody for treatment of solid tumors. A Phase I trial of that antibody is expected to begin in the second quarter of 2003. We also are pleased to welcome approximately 40 former Eos employees, who represent an important infusion of additional talent, primarily in our research and clinical development groups."

Under terms of the acquisition agreement, all shares of Eos common and preferred stock will be exchanged for approximately 4,330,000 shares of PDL common stock.

As previously announced, Richard Murray, Ph.D., formerly Vice President, Research, Eos, becomes Vice President, Research, PDL, and Barbara Finck, M.D., formerly Vice President, Clinical Development, Eos, joins PDL as Vice President, Clinical Development. Bill Benjamin, Ph.D., formerly PDL's Vice President, Research Operations, assumes the new role of Vice President, Research and Clinical Technologies, with a lead role in identifying and evaluating promising new antibody products and related technology.

The foregoing contains forward-looking statements involving risks and uncertainties and PDL's actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements including statements regarding the initiation of clinical testing of the anti-(alpha)5(beta)1 integrin antibody. Factors that may cause such differences are discussed in PDL's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2002, and in other filings made with the Securities and Exchange Commission. In particular, there can be no assurance that PDL will achieve the anticipated benefits of the transaction, including initiating or completing clinical trials of the acquired antibodies or that the acquired technology will produce additional targets, or that PDL will successfully develop or humanize antibodies against such targets.

Protein Design Labs, Inc. is a leader in the development of therapeutic humanized antibodies for the prevention or treatment of cancer and certain immunologic disorders. PDL currently has antibodies under development for autoimmune and inflammatory conditions, asthma and cancer. PDL holds fundamental patents for its proprietary antibody humanization technology. For further information, visit [www.pdl.com](http://www.pdl.com).

Protein Design Labs is a registered U.S. trademark and the PDL logo is a trademark of Protein Design Labs, Inc.

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## Financial Statements

Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (a development stage company)  
Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the period from inception  
(April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002

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Eos Biotechnology, Inc.  
(a development stage company)

## Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001  
and the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002

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## Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors and Stockholders  
Eos Biotechnology, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (a development stage company) as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the related statements of operations, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' net capital deficiency, and cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eos Biotechnology, Inc. at December 31, 2002 and 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming Eos Biotechnology, Inc. will continue as a going concern. As more fully described in Note 1, the Company has incurred net operating losses and has a working capital deficiency. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classification of liabilities that may result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

*Ernst & Young LLP*

February 24, 2003

**A Member Practice of Ernst & Young Global**

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Balance Sheets**  
**(In thousands, except per share data)**

	December 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
	-----	-----
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,221	\$ 12,325
Available-for-sale investments	5,650	22,486
Accounts and other receivables	655	939
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	516	1,461
	-----	-----
Total current assets	8,042	37,211
Restricted cash	--	738
Property and equipment, net	3,097	3,878
Other assets	476	617
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 11,615	\$ 42,444
	=====	=====
<b>Liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' net capital deficiency</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 656	\$ 1,098
Accrued liabilities	551	1,149
Current portion of notes payable	913	570
Current portion of capital lease obligations	615	843
Deferred rent	68	34
Deferred revenue	2,406	2,231
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	5,209	5,925
Notes payable	1,044	1,489
Capital lease obligations	143	756
Deferred rent	17	13
Deferred revenue	--	2,500
<b>Commitments</b>		
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,357 shares authorized at December 31, 2002 and 2001, 47,233 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2002 and 2001; aggregate liquidation preference of \$71,143 at		

## Stockholders' net capital deficiency:

Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 75,000 shares authorized at December 31, 2002 and 2001; 7,641 and 8,716 shares issued and outstanding at December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively	8	9
Additional paid-in capital	2,512	3,863
Notes receivable from stockholders	(471)	(2,148)
Deferred stock-based compensation	(46)	(749)
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(1)	237
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(67,357)	(40,008)
	-----	-----
Total stockholders' net capital deficiency	(65,355)	(38,796)
	-----	-----
Total liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' net capital deficiency	\$ 11,615	\$ 42,444
	=====	=====

See accompanying notes.

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Statements of Operations**  
**(unaudited)**  
**(In thousands)**

	Year Ended December 31,		Period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31,
	2002	2001	2002
Research and product revenues	\$ 4,717	\$ 4,126	\$ 10,343
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	21,699	19,967	67,649
General and administrative	4,210	4,628	15,226
	-----	-----	-----
Total operating expenses	25,909	24,595	82,875
	-----	-----	-----
Loss from operations	(21,192)	(20,469)	(72,532)
Interest income	720	2,732	6,131
Interest expense	(349)	(702)	(1,548)
Other income (expense), net	(6,528)	6,956	592
	-----	-----	-----
Net loss	\$ (27,349)	\$ (11,483)	\$ (67,357)
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes.

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Statements of Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock and Stockholders' Net Capital Deficiency**  
**(In thousands, except per share data)**

	Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock		Common Stock		Addi- tional Paid-In Capital	Notes Receiv- able from Stock- holders	Deferred Stock- Based Compen- sation	Accumu- lated Other Compre- hensive Income (Loss)	Deficit Accumu- lated During the Develop- ment Stage	Total Stock- holders' Net Capital Deficiency
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount						
Balance at inception (April 16, 1996)	--	\$ --	--	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --	\$ --
Issuance of common stock in August 1996 for cash at \$0.01 per share	--	--	850	1	8	--	--	--	--	9
Issuance of Series A redeemable convertible preferred stock in November 1996 in exchange for cash at \$0.40 per share, net of issuance costs of \$1	950	379	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Comprehensive and net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(151)	(151)

Balance at December 31, 1996	950	379	850	1	8	--	--	--	(151)	(142)
Repurchase of common stock at \$0.01 per share	--	--	(280)	--	(3)	--	--	--	--	(3)
Issuance of Series B redeemable convertible preferred stock in July 1997 in exchange for cash and technology rights at \$0.80 per share, net of issuance costs of \$85	6,110	4,803	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of common stock at \$0.05 per share in exchange for cash and promissory notes	--	--	2,716	3	133	(132)	--	--	--	4
Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(4)	--	--	--	(4)
Comprehensive and net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(1,089)	(1,089)
Balance at December 31, 1997	7,060	5,182	3,286	4	138	(136)	--	--	(1,240)	(1,234)
Issuance of Series B redeemable convertible preferred stock in July 1998 in exchange for cash at \$0.80 per share	4,219	3,375	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of Series C redeemable convertible preferred stock in April 1998 in exchange for cash, technology rights, and a supply contract at \$1.60 per share, net of issuance costs of \$40	5,000	7,960	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash and promissory notes upon the exercise of stock options	--	--	381	--	59	(56)	--	--	--	3
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash and promissory notes	--	--	1,850	2	295	(294)	--	--	--	3
Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(11)	--	--	--	(11)
Comprehensive and net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(5,678)	(5,678)
Balance at December 31, 1998	16,279	16,517	5,517	6	492	(497)	--	--	(6,918)	(6,917)
Issuance of Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock in September 1999 in exchange for cash at \$1.30 per share, net of issuance costs of \$766	20,769	26,234	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash upon the exercise of stock options	--	--	48	--	3	--	--	--	--	3
Issuance of warrants in connection with a bridge loan and a master lease agreement	--	126	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(24)	--	--	--	(24)
Comprehensive loss:										
Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(23)	--	(23)
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(8,248)	(8,248)
Total comprehensive loss										(8,271)
Balance at December 31, 1999	37,048	42,877	5,565	6	495	(521)	--	(23)	(15,166)	(15,209)
Issuance of Series E redeemable convertible preferred stock in September 2000 in exchange for cash at \$2.70 per share, net of issuance costs of \$28	10,185	27,472	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash and promissory notes	--	--	2,505	1	490	(424)	--	--	--	67
Repayment of promissory notes and forfeiture of unvested common stock	--	--	(360)	--	(37)	91	--	--	--	54
Revaluation of research supply agreement	--	208	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(13)	--	--	--	(13)
Issuance of stock options to consultants for services	--	--	--	--	54	--	--	--	--	54
Beneficial conversion feature related to bridge loan	--	--	--	--	68	--	--	--	--	68
Comprehensive loss:										
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	186	--	186
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(13,359)	(13,359)
Total comprehensive loss										(13,173)
Balance at December 31, 2000	47,233	70,557	7,710	7	1,070	(867)	--	163	(28,525)	(28,152)
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash and promissory notes	--	--	1,187	1	1,397	(1,354)	--	--	--	44
Repayment of promissory notes and forfeiture of unvested common stock	--	--	(181)	1	(36)	183	--	--	--	148
Issuance of warrant in connection with a lease agreement	--	--	--	--	382	--	--	--	--	382
Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(110)	--	--	--	(110)
Deferred stock-based compensation	--	--	--	--	1,024	--	(1,024)	--	--	--
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation	--	--	--	--	--	--	275	--	--	275
Issuance of stock options to consultants for services	--	--	--	--	26	--	--	--	--	26
Comprehensive loss:										
Unrealized gain on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	74	--	74
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(11,483)	(11,483)
Total comprehensive loss										(11,409)
Balance at December 31, 2001	47,233	70,557	8,716	9	3,863	(2,148)	(749)	237	(40,008)	(38,796)
Issuance of common stock in exchange for cash	--	--	162	--	45	--	--	--	--	45
Repayment of promissory notes and forfeiture of unvested common stock	--	--	(307)	--	(54)	304	--	--	--	250
Cancellation of promissory notes in exchange for the forfeiture of vested and unvested common stock	--	--	(930)	(1)	(1,292)	1,419	--	--	--	126

Interest accrued on notes receivable from stockholders	--	--	--	--	--	(46)	--	--	--	(46)
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation	--	--	--	--	--	--	638	--	--	638
Reversal of deferred compensation related to repurchases of common stock and employee terminations	--	--	--	--	(65)	--	65	--	--	--
Issuance of stock options to consultants for services	--	--	--	--	15	--	--	--	--	15
Comprehensive loss: Unrealized loss on available-for-sale securities	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(238)	--	(238)
Net loss	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(27,349)	(27,349)
Total comprehensive loss										(27,587)
Balance at December 31, 2002	47,233	\$ 70,557	7,641	\$ 8	\$ 2,512	\$ (471)	\$ (46)	\$ (1)	\$ (67,357)	\$ (65,355)

See accompanying notes.

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(In thousands)**

	Year Ended December 31,		Period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002
	2002	2001	2002
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Net loss	\$ (27,349)	\$ (11,483)	\$ (67,357)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Gain on sale of subsidiary	--	(6,959)	(6,959)
Amortization of prepaid research supply contract	--	2,640	6,208
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation, net	638	275	913
Depreciation and amortization	1,607	1,566	4,921
Issuance of stock options to consultants for services	15	26	95
Beneficial conversion feature related to bridge loan	--	--	68
Acquired technology and patent rights for redeemable convertible preferred stock	--	--	113
Accrued interest income on notes receivable	(46)	(110)	(208)
Forgiveness of interest on notes receivable	63	--	63
Value of warrants issued for debt financing and facility lease agreement	382	--	508
Loss on disposal of capital equipment	--	--	16
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts and other receivables	284	291	(655)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	945	(958)	(516)
Other assets	(178)	501	(413)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(1,040)	1,009	1,207
Deferred rent	38	(36)	85
Deferred revenue	(2,325)	(6,511)	2,406
Net cash used in operating activities	(26,966)	(19,749)	(59,505)
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	(10,146)	(10,697)	(80,795)
Maturities of available-for-sale investments	26,744	30,712	75,144
Capital expenditures	(826)	(1,562)	(4,521)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary	--	7,439	7,439
Restricted cash	738	(738)	--
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	16,510	25,154	(2,733)
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from notes payable	533	2,250	4,119
Principal payments on notes payable	(635)	(445)	(1,162)
Principal payments on capital leases	(841)	(1,052)	(3,235)
Repayments on stockholder notes	250	148	452
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	45	44	175
Net proceeds from issuance of redeemable convertible preferred stock	--	--	63,110
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(648)	945	63,459
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(11,104)	6,350	1,221
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	12,325	5,975	--
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 1,221	\$ 12,325	\$ 1,221
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:</b>			
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 325	\$ 606	\$ 1,413
<b>Schedule of noncash transactions:</b>			
Research supply contract acquired in exchange for redeemable convertible preferred stock	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 6,208
Property and equipment acquired under capital lease arrangements	\$ --	\$ --	\$ 3,993

Conversion of notes payable to redeemable convertible preferred stock	\$	--	\$	--	\$	1,000
Cancellation of notes receivable in connection with share repurchases	\$	1,347	\$	35	\$	1,419
Conversion of note receivable from stockholder to employee receivable	\$	63	\$	--	\$	63
Issuance of stock for notes receivable	\$	--	\$	1,354	\$	2,260
Warrants issued in connection with debt financing and facility lease	\$	--	\$	382	\$	508
Deferred stock-based compensation	\$	--	\$	1,024	\$	1,024
Reversal of deferred stock-based compensation	\$	65	\$	--	\$	65

See accompanying notes.

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Organization and Business

Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, was formed in 1996. The Company is engaged in drug discovery and development and makes use of proprietary genomics tools and databases to identify disease targets against which therapeutic antibodies are developed. The Company is in the development stage at December 31, 2002 and has devoted substantial effort to developing a new product.

### Need for Additional Capital

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company has sustained operating losses since inception and expects such losses to continue as it furthers its research and development activities. From inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, the Company incurred net operating losses of approximately \$67,357,000 and has a working capital deficiency of approximately \$2,833,000 at December 31, 2002. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The Company will need to obtain additional funds from existing or new shareholders or from other sources to fund operating losses until revenues are ultimately sufficient to fund planned operations. If the Company is unable to obtain the necessary funding capital, the Company will need to re-evaluate its current operating plans and may need to discontinue certain of its operations or be required to significantly reduce its operations until such financing can be obtained (see Note 9). The financial statements do not include any adjustments to reflect the possible future effects on the recoverability and classification of assets or the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might result from the resolution of these uncertainties.

### Wholly Owned Subsidiary and Principles of Consolidation

In March 2000, the Company incorporated a wholly owned subsidiary, Weboligos.com, Inc. (Weboligos), to develop and manufacture synthetic DNA. In March 2001, the Company sold substantially all the assets of Weboligos for approximately \$5,900,000. Additionally, in September 2001, Eos received \$1,500,000 due to the granting of a patent assigned to the purchaser of Weboligos' assets by the U.S. Patent and Trademark office. Eos can also receive earn-out payments on the sale of oligonucleotides through 2004 from the purchaser of Weboligos' assets. The Company recognized \$300,000, \$120,000 and \$420,000 of other income related to the earn-out payments for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively. With Weboligos net assets of approximately \$450,000 at the purchase date, the transaction resulted in the Company recognizing a gain on the sale of approximately \$6,959,000, which has been included in other income in the December 31, 2001 statement of operations. The financial statements include the accounts of the Company and Weboligos through the date of sale. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated.

### Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Research and Development

Internal research and development, research and development conducted for others under collaborative agreements, and research and development outsourced to others are charged to expense as incurred. Expenditures include direct such costs as salaries, lab supplies, consulting and outside services, and indirect costs such as allocations of rent, depreciation, and telephone. Research and development expenditures do not include such costs as legal, accounting, and finance.

### Revenue Recognition

Revenue consists of sales of certain research materials and revenue related to research and collaboration agreements as described below.

Nonrefundable, up-front payments received in connection with research and development collaboration agreements, including technology access fees, are deferred and recognized as research revenues on a straight-line basis over the relevant periods specified in the agreement, generally the research term.

Payments for research services received from the Company's collaborators are recognized as contract revenues as research services are performed over the related funding periods for each contract. Under these agreements, the Company is required to perform research and development activities as specified in each respective agreement. The payments received under each agreement are not refundable and are generally based on a contractual cost per full-time equivalent employee working on the project. Research and development expenses under the collaborative research agreements approximate or exceed the revenue recognized under such agreements over the term of the respective agreements. Deferred revenue may result if a contract with a customer or a collaborator requires an upfront payment for services to be provided in future periods. Payments, if any, related to the achievement of substantive, at-risk research milestones would be recognized upon the completion of the milestone events. Royalties are recognized pursuant to the collaborative agreements as products are sold.

## Cash Equivalents and Investments

The Company considers all highly liquid investments in debt securities with an original maturity from the date of purchase of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2002 and 2001, cash equivalents consist of money market funds. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method.

All cash equivalents and investments are classified as available-for-sale and are carried at estimated fair value based on available quoted market information. Material unrealized gains and losses, if any, are reported in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) in stockholders' net capital deficiency. The cost of securities sold is based on the specific identification method. Realized gains or losses on sales of available-for-sale instruments in 2002 and 2001 were not material. At December 31, 2002, the remaining contractual period until maturity of marketable securities ranged from one to three months. By policy, the Company limits concentration of credit exposure to any one entity or financial institution and to any one type of investment other than securities issued by the U.S. government.

Securities classified as available-for-sale as of December 31, 2002 and 2001, are summarized below:

	<b>Amortized Cost</b>	<b>Unrealized Losses</b>	<b>Estimated Fair Value</b>
		<i>(In thousands)</i>	
As of December 31, 2002:			
Money market funds and certificate of deposit	\$ 1,221	\$ -	\$ 1,221
U.S. corporate debt securities	5,651	(1)	5,650
	\$ 6,872	\$ (1)	\$ 6,871
Included in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,221	\$ -	\$ 1,221
Included in short-term, available-for-sale investments	5,651	(1)	5,650
	\$ 6,872	\$ (1)	\$ 6,871

	<b>Amortized Cost</b>	<b>Unrealized Gains</b>	<b>Estimated Fair Value</b>
		<i>(In thousands)</i>	
As of December 31, 2001:			
Money market funds and certificate of deposit	\$13,033	\$ -	\$13,033
U.S. corporate debt securities	22,249	237	22,486
	\$35,282	\$ 237	\$35,519
Included in cash and cash equivalents	\$12,295	\$ -	\$12,295
Included in short-term, available-for-sale investments	22,249	237	22,486
Included in restricted cash	738	-	738
	\$35,282	\$ 237	\$ 35,519

## Restricted Cash

As part of a leasing arrangement entered into in June 2001 as described in Note 5, the Company was required to maintain on deposit \$738,000 in an investment account as security for its lease in the form of a letter of credit. In October 2002, the lease was terminated and the Company is no longer required to maintain a letter of credit.

## Other Concentration of Credit Risks

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk (other than cash and cash equivalents previously described above) consist of accounts and other receivables. The Company's receivables are derived primarily from transactions with customers located in the United States. The Company performs ongoing credit evaluations of its customer's financial condition and generally requires no collateral from its customers. The Company evaluates the necessity of an allowance for doubtful accounts receivable based upon the expected collectibility of accounts receivable.

## Property and Equipment

Property and equipment, including that acquired under capital leases, are stated at cost and depreciated on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which generally range from three to five years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the lesser of the useful life of the asset or the term of the lease.

## Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for grants of stock options to employees in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25), and related interpretations. Accordingly, the Company does not recognize compensation cost in accounting for its stock option plan for awards that have an exercise price equal to the estimated fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

Pro forma net loss information required by SFAS 123 has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of SFAS 123. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the minimum value method and the following assumptions: risk-free interest rates of 3.8% in 2002 and 4.38% in 2001, an expected life of five years, and no dividends.

For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the vesting period of the options using the straight-line method. The effects of applying SFAS 123 for pro forma disclosures are not likely to be representative of the effects on reported net loss for future years. If the Company had elected to recognize compensation cost based on the fair value of options granted at the grant date and amortized over the options' vesting period as prescribed by SFAS 123, pro forma information is as follows (in thousands):

	Years ended December 31,		Period From Inception (April 16, 1996) Through December 31,
	2002	2001	2002
Net loss, as reported	\$ (27,349)	\$ (11,483)	\$ (67,357)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net loss, net of related tax effects	638	275	913
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(434)	(224)	(710)
Pro forma net loss	\$ (27,145)	\$ (11,432)	\$ (67,154)

The Company accounts for grants of stock options to nonemployees in accordance with the Emerging Issues Task Force Consensus No. 96-18, *Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services* (EITF 96-18), which requires the options subject to vesting to be periodically revalued and expensed over their vesting periods.

#### Fair Value of Financial Investments

Financial investments, including cash, cash equivalents and investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued liabilities are carried at cost, which management believes approximates fair value given their short-term nature.

#### Comprehensive Loss

Comprehensive loss is comprised of net loss and items of other comprehensive income (loss). Other comprehensive income (loss) includes certain changes in equity of the Company that are excluded from net loss. Specifically, Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 130, *Reporting Comprehensive Income* (SFAS 130), requires unrealized holding gains and losses on the Company's available-for-sale securities, which are reported separately in stockholders' net capital deficiency, to be included in accumulated other comprehensive loss.

#### Recent Accounting Standards

In July 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 146, *Accounting for Costs Associated with Exit or Disposal Activities* (SFAS 146), which supersedes Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) Issue 94-3. SFAS 146 requires companies to record liabilities for costs associated with exit or disposal activities to be recognized only when the liability is incurred instead of at the date of commitment to an exit or disposal activity. SFAS 146 is to be applied prospectively to exit or disposal activities initiated after December 31, 2002. The adoption of SFAS 146 is not expected to have a significant impact on the Company's operating results or financial position.

In November 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Interpretation No. 45, *Guarantor's Accounting and Disclosure Requirements for Guarantees, Including Indirect Guarantees of Indebtedness of Others* (FIN 45). FIN 45 requires that upon issuance of a guarantee, a guarantor must recognize a liability for the fair value of an obligation assumed under a guarantee. FIN 45 also requires additional disclosures by a guarantor in its financial statements about the obligations associated with guarantees issued. The recognition provisions of FIN 45 are effective for any guarantees issued or modified after December 31, 2002. The disclosure requirements are effective for financial statements for periods ending after December 15, 2002. The adoption of the disclosure requirements did not have a material effect on these financial statements and the Company does not expect that the adoption of the recognition provisions will have a material effect on its' financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

In December 2002, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standard No. 148, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation - Transition and Disclosure* (SFAS 148). SFAS 148 amends SFAS 123, *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*, to provide alternative methods of transition for a voluntary change to the fair value based method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation. In addition, SFAS 148 amends the disclosure requirements of SFAS 123 to require prominent disclosures in financial statements about the method of accounting for stock-based employee compensation and the effect of the method used on reported results. The transition guidance and disclosure requirements are effective for fiscal years ending after December 15, 2002. The Company adopted the disclosure provisions in these financial statements and will continue to account for stock-based compensation under the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25), using the "intrinsic value" method. Accordingly, the adoption of SFAS 148 is not anticipated to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations, or cash flows.

## 2. Research, Research Supply, and Manufacturing Agreements

In April 1998, the Company entered into a Research Supply Agreement with Affymetrix, Inc. (Affymetrix), to purchase a specified number of expression arrays at a modified price for use in the Company's research and development activities over a 30 month period. In connection with this transaction, the Company issued 3,750,000 shares of Series C redeemable convertible preferred stock at \$1.60 per share and recorded prepaid research expense of \$6,000,000, which was to be recognized as expense as the expression arrays were received. As the shares of Series C redeemable convertible preferred stock were subject to the Company's lapsing right of repurchase through September 2000 in the event Affymetrix did not perform under the supply agreement, the value of the prepaid research



expense was subject to revaluation based on changes in the Company's estimated stock value over the life of the agreement. In August and September 2000, the Company revalued the remaining shares subject to repurchase and recorded additional prepaid research expense of \$208,000, which would be recognized as the remaining expression arrays were received. In September 2000, the Company and Affymetrix extended the term of the Research Supply Agreement to January 2001. Concurrently, with the September 2000 extension, the Company entered into a Technology Exchange Agreement with Affymetrix to license certain Affymetrix databases. Affymetrix will be entitled to receive royalty payments from revenue earned by the Company from products or licenses that are derived from the Affymetrix databases. In March 2001, the Company and Affymetrix extended the term of the Research and Supply Agreement to June 2001. In conjunction with the extended terms, the Company purchased certain nontransferable software and licenses from Affymetrix for cash of approximately \$540,000. The Chief Executive Officer of Affymetrix is a member of the Company's board of directors. The Company recorded research and development expenses of \$2,640,000 and \$6,208,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2001, respectively, relating to this agreement.

In August 2001, the Company entered into a two-year Research Supply Agreement with Affymetrix whereby Affymetrix will deliver to the Company custom array design services, database and other licenses, technology access, service, and other support. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company was obligated to pay Affymetrix \$500,000 per year. In September 2002, the Company paid a \$50,000 access fee to Affymetrix and entered into a separate Research Supply Agreement that replaced the August 2001 agreement. The new agreement entitles the Company to purchase custom array chips, licenses, and services at specified prices throughout the one-year term of the agreement. The Company recorded research and development expense under these agreements of approximately \$353,000, \$208,000 and \$561,000 for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively, with approximately \$34,000 remaining as a prepaid balance at December 31, 2002.

In March 2000, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Research and Commercialization Agreement with GenPharm International, Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of Medarex, Inc. (Medarex). Under the agreement, Medarex will supply the Company with antigen immunized mice for the identification of antibodies to be evaluated for commercial development. The Company must pay commercial license fees for each antigen the Company elects to obtain an exclusive license for and milestone payments as products are developed. Also, the Company must pay royalties to Medarex for sales of products developed with the selected antigens. No commercial license fees or royalties have been paid to Medarex as of December 31, 2002. This agreement was terminated as part of the definitive collaboration agreement executed in January 2003 (see Note 9). No commercial license fees or royalties were paid to Medarex through the date of termination.

In March 2001, the Company entered into a materials transfer and antibody generation agreement with Xenerex Biosciences (Xenerex). The agreement provides for Xenerex to generate fully human monoclonal antibodies to three cancer-target antigens provided by the Company. The Company paid Xenerex a research initiation fee of \$50,000 upon the effective date of the agreement. The Company will pay Xenerex an additional \$75,000 for each cancer target antigen for which the Company receives a fully human antibody, that meets predetermined qualifications. Xenerex is also entitled to license fees, milestone payments, and royalty payments on sales of products developed by the Company from the antibodies. The agreement shall terminate upon the earliest of (i) the end of the one-year option period for the last antibody delivered to the Company, if no previous options have been exercised; (ii) the end of the royalty period for the last exercised option; or (iii) 60 days after written notice is given by the Company. At December 31, 2002, the Company was not obligated to pay any license fees, milestone or royalty payments under this agreement. The Company recorded no research and development expenses for the year ended December 31, 2002 and \$50,000 for the year ended December 31, 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively, under this agreement. This agreement was terminated in January 2003 and no further obligations remain for either party under the agreement as of the termination date.

In July 2001, the Company entered into a nonexclusive licensing agreement with ICOS Corporation (ICOS) whereby the Company will use ICOS' CHEF1 expression vector technology as part of its internal research and development. In October 2001, the Company extended its nonexclusive licensing agreement with ICOS to allow for the commercialization of products developed using the ICOS technology. Under the terms of the licensing agreement, the Company will pay \$10,000, \$15,000, and \$20,000 for years one, two, and subsequent years, respectively. The Company will also pay a fee of \$10,000 each time it wishes to exercise its option to commercialize a product that was developed using the ICOS technology. ICOS is also entitled to milestone and royalty payments. The Company has the right to terminate the licensing agreements upon three months prior notice. The Company recorded research and development expenses of \$15,000, \$10,000, and \$25,000 for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In June 2001, the Company entered into a three-year research collaboration agreement to use Seattle Genetics' toxin payload technology with the Company's proprietary monoclonal antibodies directed against novel cancer targets derived from their analyses of the human genome. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company paid an initial research program fee of \$425,000 on the effective date and a second research program fee of \$318,750 in November 2002, which are being expensed over the term of the agreement. Depending on certain conditions, the Company may pay annual payments for maintenance of each exclusive license. The Company will pay milestone payments and royalties on net sales of any resulting products under the terms of the agreement. The Company will be responsible for product development, manufacturing, and marketing of any products generated through the collaboration. The Company has the right to terminate the agreement upon written notice before the end of the research program term. The Company recorded research and development expenses of approximately \$554,000, \$83,000 and \$637,000 related to amortization of the research program fees and services provided by Seattle Genetics for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In December 2001, the Company entered into a manufacturing agreement with ICOS whereby ICOS will produce the Company's lead monoclonal antibody candidate to clinical specifications for use in phase I/II clinical trials for the treatment of cancer. The Company paid a \$300,000 upfront fee related to the agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, ICOS is also entitled to installment payments of \$2,900,000, of which \$2,150,000 were paid during 2002. The Company has an option to purchase additional manufacturing services for \$2,200,000. The manufacturing agreement shall terminate five years from the effective date unless extended by mutual written agreement of the parties. The Company has the right to terminate the manufacturing agreement upon two months prior notice, however termination by the Company without cause requires the Company to pay 100% of all remaining fees. The Company recorded research and development expenses of \$2,450,000 for the year ended December 31, 2002 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002.

At December 31, 2002, aggregate future commitments under all research, research supply, and manufacturing agreements, including minimum license payments, are as follows:

Years ending December 31,	
2003	\$ 1,244,000
2004	20,000
	\$ 1,264,000

### 3. Collaboration Arrangements

In June 2000, the Company entered into a Collaboration and License Agreement with Aventis Pasteur Limited (Aventis), to identify and discover active immunotherapy targets. The Company granted Aventis an exclusive license to develop, market, sell, and distribute active immunotherapy products resulting from the discovered targets. Upon signing the agreement, Aventis paid a one time, nonrefundable, noncreditable technology access fee of \$1,000,000. In June 2001, the

one-year anniversary of the agreement, the Company received an additional nonrefundable, noncreditable technology access fee of \$500,000. Under the terms of the contract, the Company provides candidate targets to Aventis for their validation over a two-year term. Additionally, Aventis is obligated to make various milestone and royalty payments as certain conditions are met. The Company recognized revenue related to the technology access fee over the two-year term of the agreement. In June 2002, the Company and Aventis extended the term of the agreement through December 2002. In December 2002, Aventis exercised an option to purchase an exclusive license to certain targets for \$250,000. The Company recognized approximately \$667,000, \$836,000, and \$1,840,000 of revenue related to this agreement for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In August 2000, the Company entered into a Cost Reimbursement Research Consortium Agreement with Case Western Reserve University (CWRU), to perform subcontract research over a five-month period starting in September 2000, related to a federal grant to CWRU from the National Institutes of Health. In March 2001 and 2002, the contract term was extended for an additional year. The Company recognized approximately \$642,000, \$630,000, and \$1,518,000 in revenue from CWRU for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In September 2000, the Company entered into a Collaborative Research Agreement with Biogen, Inc. (Biogen) to identify specific disease-causing cell surface molecules and biologically active compounds with the potential for treating such diseases. Under the terms of the contract, Biogen paid a nonrefundable, noncreditable technology access fee of \$6,000,000 and agreed to pay annual research support fees over the four-year term of the agreement. Biogen is also required to make various milestone and royalty payments as certain conditions are met. In December 2002, Biogen terminated the research program portion of the agreement and made a final research support fee payment of \$375,000 for services to be performed in 2003. The Company is recognizing revenue related to the technology access fee over the research term of the agreement and the research support fees as the research is performed. As of December 31, 2002, the Company recognized approximately \$3,408,000, \$2,660,000, and \$6,846,000 of revenue related to this agreement for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

The Company has entered into various other agreements with research institutions, universities, and other entities for the performance of research and development activities and for the acquisition of licenses related to those activities. Expenses under these agreements totaled approximately \$1,422,000, \$2,406,000, and \$4,658,000 in the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

#### 4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

	December 31,	
	2002	2001
	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Machinery and equipment	<b>\$ 6,943</b>	\$ 6,141
Office furniture and leasehold improvements	<b>878</b>	854
	<b>7,821</b>	6,995
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<b>(4,724)</b>	(3,117)
Property and equipment, net	<b>\$ 3,097</b>	\$ 3,878

Property and equipment held under capital lease arrangements at December 31, 2002 and 2001, was approximately \$3,706,000 and \$3,789,000, respectively. Accumulated depreciation related to property and equipment under capital leases as of December 31, 2002, was approximately \$2,799,000.

#### 5. Financing Arrangements and Lease Commitments

In October 1997 and May 1999, the Company entered into a lease line of credit and a loan facility with a financial institution for \$1,600,000 and \$200,000, respectively, which bear interest at approximately 8.0%. The Company must make a final payment equal to 15% of the amount drawn down on \$200,000 of the loan facility, due upon repayment of the loan. In August 1999, the Company entered into an additional lease line of credit for \$2,000,000, which had been completely drawn down as of December 31, 2001 and was accruing interest at approximately 7.5%. The Company must make a final interest payment equal to 15% of the amount drawn down on \$600,000 of the lease line, due upon repayment of the lease line. Additionally, the Company may make optional payments not to exceed 15% of the amounts drawn down on all lease lines should it decide to purchase the equipment when the lease lines mature. Outstanding balances under the lease lines are secured by the related assets purchased. At December 31, 2002, the Company had no available borrowings under the lease lines of credit and the loan facility. In connection with these arrangements, the Company issued three warrants to purchase redeemable convertible preferred stock (see Note 7).

The Company has entered into two facilities operating leases that expire in March and July 2004. Security deposits of approximately \$350,000 related to these leases are recorded in other assets. The Company has entered into an agreement to sublease a portion of the facilities through June 2004. Sublease income is offset against rent expense. Rent expense under these operating leases, net of sublease income totaled approximately \$1,987,000, \$1,682,000, and \$5,937,000 for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In October 1998, the Company borrowed \$175,000 under a note payable from an equipment lessor to finance two loans issued to officers of the Company (see Note 6). The promissory note bears interest of 9.0% per annum from the date of the note until maturity in October 2003, and requires monthly interest payments for the term of the loan and the payment of the principal upon maturity.

In December 2000, the Company entered into an equipment financing agreement for \$3,000,000, of which \$2,783,000 had been drawn down when the agreement expired in October 2002. Interest on the equipment financing agreement was accruing at rates ranging from 8.60% to 10.62%. Outstanding balances under the equipment financing agreement are secured by the related equipment purchased.

In June 2001, the Company signed a 15-year build-to-suit operating lease agreement for additional facility space to be constructed in South San Francisco, California. Upon execution of the lease, the Company issued the landlord a warrant to purchase shares of common stock as described in Note 7. In October 2002, the lease agreement was terminated and the Company paid the landlord approximately \$6,200,000 as a termination fee. Through the date of termination the Company had incurred approximately \$1,092,000 of tenant improvements and had been reimbursed \$888,000 by the landlord. Upon termination, the termination fee was recognized as other expense and approximately \$204,000 of tenant improvements were written off. Both parties have no further obligations under the original lease agreement.

At December 31, 2002, noncancelable future minimum payments under the Company's capital leases, notes payable, and operating leases are as follows:

	Capital Leases	Notes Payable
	<i>(In thousands)</i>	
Years ending December 31,		
2003	\$ 616	\$ 913
2004	196	606
2005	-	357
2006	-	81
	812	1,957
Less amounts representing interest	(54)	-
Present value of future payments	758	1,957
Less current portion	(615)	(913)
Noncurrent portion	\$ 143	\$ 1,044

	Operating Leases	Contractual Sublease Income	Operating Leases Net of Sublease Income
	<i>(In thousands)</i>		
Years ending December 31,			
2003	\$ 2,116	\$ (101)	\$ 2,015
2004	554	(51)	503
	\$ 2,670	\$ (152)	\$ 2,518

## 6. Related-Party Transactions

In November 1998, the Company loaned an officer \$100,000 under a full-recourse promissory note bearing interest at 5.8% compounded annually and secured by the officer's primary residence. For each year the note has been outstanding, \$10,000 of principal and any accrued interest have been forgiven and recorded as compensation expense to the officer. The note was originally due in November 2003, but in August 2002 the Company amended the note to provide that all outstanding principal and interest be forgiven in November 2003 if the officer is an employee of the Company at such time. As of December 31, 2002, the outstanding principal and interest on the note was approximately \$62,000.

In August 1999, in connection with a Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock financing, the Company issued warrants to Bay City Capital, a significant investor in the Company, and an entity in which a member of the Company's board of directors is a partner (see Note 7). Further, in connection with the Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock financing, Bay City Capital acted as an advisor and received cash remuneration of \$766,000.

In June 2002, the Company loaned an officer \$20,000 under a full-recourse promissory note bearing interest at 2.89% compounded semi-annually and due in June 2003. The promissory note was forgiven in February 2003.

In January and July 2002, the Company entered into change of control agreements with various members of management which provide for the acceleration of vesting related to restricted stock subject to repurchase and stock options upon an acquisition of the Company. Some of the agreements also provide for the forgiveness of certain promissory notes issued in exchange for restricted stock as described in Note 7.

In August 2002, the Company entered into acquisition bonus agreements with various members of management, which provide for the payment of a bonus equal to an aggregate of 9% of the acquisition consideration to be received by the Company up to a maximum of \$13,500,000. The bonuses are payable in cash, acquirer stock, or other property issued in the transaction.

## 7. Stockholders' Net Capital Deficiency

As of December 31, 2002, the Company was authorized to issue 75,000,000 shares of common stock and 50,356,750 shares of redeemable convertible preferred stock.

### Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock

Redeemable convertible preferred stock is issuable in series, with rights and preferences designated by series. Each outstanding share of the Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock is entitled to one vote on each matter submitted to a vote of stockholders. Holders of Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock are entitled to noncumulative dividends payable quarterly when, as, and if declared by the board of directors prior to and in preference to the payment of dividends to holders of common stock. Noncumulative dividends are payable at a rate of \$0.05, \$0.10, \$0.20, \$0.1625, and \$0.3375 per share per annum on each outstanding share. As of December 31, 2002, the Company had not declared any dividends.

Each share of Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock is convertible, at the option of the holder, into one share of common stock. Also, the Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock automatically converts into common stock upon (i) the closing of a firm commitment for an underwritten public offering under the Securities Act of 1933 in which the prepublic market capitalization is greater than \$75,000,000, the aggregate offering proceeds are greater than \$15,000,000, and the public offering price is not less than \$1.75 per share, or (ii) upon terms and conditions approved by two-thirds majority of the outstanding shares of Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock, voting together as a class.

Each share of Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stock is entitled to liquidation preferences of \$0.40, \$0.80, \$1.60, \$1.30, and \$2.70 per share, respectively, plus declared but unpaid dividends. After liquidation preference distributions to Series A, B, C, D, and E redeemable convertible preferred stockholders have been paid, the remaining assets of the Company available for distribution to stockholders shall be distributed among the holders of common stock and Series A, B, C, D and E redeemable convertible preferred stock until the Series A, B, C, D and E redeemable convertible preferred stockholders have

received an aggregate of \$1.20, \$2.40, \$2.40, \$2.40, and \$2.70 per share, respectively, in total. The remaining assets of the Company shall be distributed to holders of common stock.

The Amended and Restated Articles of Incorporation provide that a change in control is deemed to be a liquidation event and that any consideration paid in connection with such a transaction be allowed in accordance with the provisions about liquidation preferences and the order of distribution. As a result, cash redemption of the redeemable convertible preferred stock could be triggered by a change in control, which would be considered to be outside the control of the Company. Accordingly, the redeemable convertible preferred stock has been classified outside of permanent equity in the accompanying balance sheets.

The authorized, issued, and outstanding Series A, B, C, D, and E shares of redeemable convertible preferred stock and their aggregate liquidation preferences are as follows (in thousands):

	Shares Authorized	Shares Issued and Outstanding	Aggregate Liquidation Preference
At December 31, 2002 and 2001:			
Series A	950	950	\$ 380
Series B	10,407	10,329	8,263
Series C	5,000	5,000	8,000
Series D	22,000	20,769	27,000
Series E	12,000	10,185	27,500
	50,357	47,233	\$ 71,143

### Common Stock

Certain shares of common stock issued to members of management since inception are subject to repurchase by the Company. The majority of the shares vest over a period of four years as specified by the board of directors, however, a portion of the shares issued to one member of management vest on December 31, 2005, with the acceleration of vesting as specific Company objectives are attained as determined by the board of directors. Certain of these restricted shares were purchased by the signing of promissory notes totaling \$132,000, \$349,800, \$423,822, \$1,354,070 in 1997, 1998, 2000, and 2001, respectively, which bear interest at rates ranging from 4.46% to 7.06%. At December 31, 2002, 534,375 shares remained subject to the Company's right of repurchase.

In June and August 2002, the Company repurchased from three officers approximately 930,000 shares of restricted common stock at prices ranging from \$0.75 to \$1.00 per share through the cancellation of approximately \$1,293,000 in promissory notes. In December 2002, the Company granted options to purchase 680,000 shares of common stock with exercise prices of \$0.10 to two of the officers.

### Redeemable Convertible Preferred Stock Warrants

In October 1997, in connection with the negotiation of a master equipment lease agreement and related loan credit facility, the Company issued two warrants to purchase a total of 78,000 shares of Series B redeemable convertible preferred stock at a price per share of \$0.80. These warrants expire on the later of October 2004 or three years subsequent to the Company effecting a public offering. The fair value of the warrants was determined to be immaterial for financial statement purposes.

In August 1999, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 65,385 shares of Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock for \$1.30 per share to a lessor in connection with a lease agreement with a total available lease line of credit of \$2,000,000. The warrant is exercisable until the earlier of August 2006 or three years from an initial public offering date. Since the related warrant is a consideration of the lease agreement, the value of the warrant is treated as interest expense and amortized over the term of the lease line. The Company valued the warrant using the Black-Scholes valuation model and the following assumptions: a volatility of 50%, an expected life of seven years, a risk-free interest rate of 5.5%, and no dividend yield. The resulting fair value of \$58,000 was recorded as a prepaid asset of which \$13,800, \$15,200, and \$58,000 was recognized as interest expense for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001 and for the period from inception (April 16, 1996) through December 31, 2002, respectively.

In August 1999, the Company issued to Bay City Capital a warrant for \$100 to purchase 76,923 shares of Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share in connection with a \$1,000,000 bridge loan. The entire principal amount and accrued interest on this bridge loan was converted into 769,000 shares of the Company's Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock in September 1999. The warrant expires on the later of August 2009 or five years subsequent to an initial public offering of the Company's common stock. The Company valued the warrant using the Black-Scholes valuation model and the following assumptions: a volatility of 50%, an expected life of 10 years, a risk-free interest rate of 5.5%, and no dividend yield. The resulting fair value of \$68,000 was recorded as interest expense over the period the bridge loan was outstanding. In addition, after deducting the fair value of this warrant from the proceeds of the notes issuance, the note payable was subject to a beneficial conversion feature valued at \$68,000 that was expensed during fiscal 2000 as interest expense.

In September 1999, in connection with the offering of Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock, the Company issued a warrant to purchase 585,150 shares of Series D redeemable convertible preferred stock at an exercise price of \$1.30 per share to Bay City Capital in consideration for services related to the offering. The warrant is exercisable until the earlier of September 2009, the closing of a sale of the Company, or five years subsequent to an initial public offering of the Company's common stock. The \$766,000 fair value of the warrant was determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model and was deducted from the proceeds of the offering. The following valuation assumptions were used: a volatility of 50%, an expected life of 10 years, a risk-free interest rate of 5.5%, and no dividend yield.

### Common Stock Warrants

In June 2001, in connection with the execution of a build-to-suit facility lease agreement, the Company issued a warrant to the landlord to purchase a total of 200,000 shares of common stock at a price of \$2.70 per share. The warrant expires on the later of seven years after the lease execution or five years after an initial public offering by the Company. The Company valued the warrant using the Black-Scholes valuation model using the following assumptions: a volatility of 70%, an expected life of 7 years, a risk-free interest rate of 5.3%, and no dividend yield. The resulting fair value of \$382,000 was recorded as a prepaid asset in June 2001 and was expensed in October 2002 upon termination of the lease agreement.

### Stock Option Plans

In June 1997, the Company's board of directors adopted the 1997 Stock Option Plan (the 1997 Plan). The 1997 Plan provides for the issuance of common stock and the granting of incentive stock options to employees and officers, and the granting of nonstatutory stock options to directors and consultants of the Company. The Company grants incentive stock options with exercise prices of not less than the fair value of the stock on the date of grant (85% of fair value for nonstatutory stock options). If, at the time the Company grants an option, the optionee directly or by attribution owns stock possessing more than 10% of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of the Company, the option price will be set at least at 110% of the fair value and will not be exercisable more than five years after the date of grant. Options granted under the 1997 Plan vest at varying rates determined on an individual basis by the board of directors, generally over four years. Except as noted above, options expire no more than 10 years after the date of grant or earlier if employment is terminated. Under the 1997 Plan, 10,435,000 shares of common stock are reserved for issuance. With special board approval, options may be granted with an early exercise provision with the underlying shares subject to the Company's right of repurchase, which lapses over the vesting term. As of December 31, 2002, no options with an early exercise provision have been granted.

A summary of activity under the 1997 Plan is as follows:

	Shares Available	Options Outstanding		Weighted-
		Number of Shares	Price Per Share	Average Exercise Price
Shares authorized	650,000	-	-	-
Granted	(100,000)	100,000	\$0.01	\$0.01
Balance at December 31, 1996	550,000	100,000	\$0.01	\$0.01
Authorized	2,435,000	-	-	-
Granted	(1,058,000)	1,058,000	\$0.05-\$0.08	\$0.07
Exercised	-	-	-	-
Canceled	203,000	(203,000)	\$0.01-\$0.08	\$0.03
Shares canceled under 1996 Plan	(650,000)	-	-	-
Balance at December 31, 1997	1,480,000	955,000	\$0.05-\$0.08	\$0.08
Granted	(1,060,000)	1,060,000	\$0.08-\$0.16	\$0.15
Exercised	-	(381,250)	\$0.08-\$0.16	\$0.15
Canceled	333,750	(333,750)	\$0.08	\$0.08
Balance at December 31, 1998	753,750	1,300,000	\$0.05-\$0.16	\$0.11
Authorized	2,000,000	-	-	-
Granted	(453,500)	453,500	\$0.16	\$0.16
Exercised	-	(47,000)	\$0.05-\$0.08	\$0.06
Canceled	58,000	(58,000)	\$0.05-\$0.16	\$0.09
Balance at December 31, 1999	2,358,250	1,648,500	\$0.05-\$0.16	\$0.13
Authorized	3,000,000	-	-	-
Granted	(3,230,000)	3,230,000	\$0.16-\$1.00	\$0.32
Exercised	-	(2,443,460)	\$0.05-\$0.25	\$0.20
Canceled	112,039	(112,039)	\$0.08-\$0.16	\$0.15
Balance at December 31, 2000	2,240,289	2,323,001	\$0.05-\$1.00	\$0.32
Granted	(1,221,200)	1,221,200	\$1.00-\$2.70	\$1.54
Exercised	-	(1,248,899)	\$0.08-\$2.70	\$1.12
Canceled	158,135	(158,135)	\$0.08-\$1.00	\$0.28
Balance at December 31, 2001	<b>1,177,224</b>	<b>2,137,167</b>	<b>\$0.05-\$2.70</b>	<b>\$0.55</b>
Authorized	<b>3,000,000</b>	-	-	-
Granted	<b>(3,464,890)</b>	<b>3,464,890</b>	<b>\$0.10-\$1.00</b>	<b>\$0.17</b>
Exercised	-	<b>(162,527)</b>	<b>\$0.08-\$1.00</b>	<b>\$0.27</b>
Canceled	<b>484,818</b>	<b>(484,818)</b>	<b>\$0.10-\$2.70</b>	<b>\$0.90</b>
Balance at December 31, 2002	<b>1,197,152</b>	<b>4,954,712</b>	<b>\$0.05-\$2.70</b>	<b>\$0.28</b>

The weighted-average fair value of options granted during 2002 and 2001 was \$0.04 and \$1.70, respectively. At December 31, 2002, options to purchase 1,623,589 shares of common stock were vested and exercisable at a weighted-average exercise price of \$0.34. At December 31, 2002, the weighted-average remaining contractual life of outstanding options was 8.84 years.

In connection with approximately 760,000 options and shares of restricted stock granted during 2001, the Company recorded deferred stock-based compensation of approximately \$1,024,000, representing the difference between the exercise price and the deemed fair value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant. The amount is being amortized using the graded vesting method over the vesting period for the individual options. During 2002, the Company reversed approximately \$65,000 of deferred stock-based compensation resulting from certain employee terminations.

Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation, for the years ended December 31, 2002, 2001 and the period from inception (April 1996) through December 31, 2002, was approximately \$638,000, \$275,000, and \$913,000, respectively.

During the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company recorded compensation expense of approximately \$15,000 and \$26,000 related to fully vested options to purchase 101,000 and 12,500 shares of common stock granted to consultants, respectively. Expenses for nonemployee stock options are recorded over the vesting period of the options, with the amount determined by the Black-Scholes option valuation method. The value of each nonemployee consultant option

was estimated on the date of grant using the following assumptions for 2002 and 2001: risk-free interest rates of 3.8% and 5.3%, respectively, an expected life of 10 years, an expected volatility of 70%, and no dividends.

## Reserved Shares

As of December 31, 2002, the Company has reserved shares of common stock for future issuance as follows:

Options:	
Outstanding	4,954,712
Available for grant	1,197,152
Warrant to purchase common stock	200,000
Warrants to purchase redeemable convertible preferred stock	805,458
Redeemable convertible preferred stock - issued	47,233,169
	54,390,491

## 8. Income Taxes

As of December 31, 2002 and 2001, the Company had deferred tax assets of approximately \$25,000,000 and \$17,700,000, respectively. The net deferred tax assets have been fully offset by a valuation allowance. The net valuation allowance for deferred tax assets increased by approximately \$7,300,000 and \$4,980,000 during the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Deferred tax assets relate primarily to net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards.

As of December 31, 2002, the Company had federal net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$60,000,000 and state net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$41,000,000. The Company also had research and development tax credit carryforwards of approximately \$1,300,000. The net operating loss and tax credit carryforwards will expire at various dates beginning in 2004 through 2022, if not utilized.

Utilization of the net operating losses and credits may be subject to a substantial annual limitation due to the ownership change provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and similar state provisions. The annual limitation may result in the expiration of net operating losses and credits before utilization.

## 9. Subsequent Events

In January 2003, the Company and Medarex entered into a definitive collaboration agreement that supersedes the binding letter of intent (see Note 3) in its entirety. The Company agreed to provide two specific, named targets to Medarex, and Medarex agreed to use its HuMAb mice to create fully human antibodies to these antigen targets. The Company and Medarex will jointly develop any antibody therapeutics derived under this agreement. Either party may opt out of the collaboration at any time. The party opting out must fulfill any remaining financial obligations to which it has committed itself under any mutually agreed-upon budget; thereafter, said party will receive predetermined milestones and royalties from the other party for any products developed and commercialized from any antibody therapeutic derived under this agreement.

On February 4, 2003, the Company entered into a merger agreement with Protein Design Labs, Inc. (PDL). Upon consummation of the merger Eos shareholders will receive approximately \$37,500,000 in PDL common stock, subject to certain conditions. Additionally, consummation of the merger will trigger various provisions of change of control agreements between the Company and certain of its officers as described in Note 6. One provision is that the Company will be obligated to pay these officers acquisition bonuses aggregating approximately \$2,850,000 and will forgive approximately \$579,000 of shareholder and employee notes and accrued interest. Furthermore, vesting of restricted stock and stock options to purchase approximately 2,687,000 shares of the Company's common stock will be accelerated.

In February 2003, the Company received an invoice for the final \$750,000 due to ICOS under the terms of the manufacturing agreement as described in Note 2.

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## Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (a development stage company)  
 Three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002 and the period from  
 inception (April 16, 1996) through March 31, 2003

Eos Biotechnology, Inc.  
 (a development stage company)  
 Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements  
 Three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002

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**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Unaudited Condensed Balance Sheets**  
**(In thousands, except per share data)**

	March 31, 2003	December 31, 2002
	-----	-----
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,479	\$ 1,221
Available-for-sale investments	--	5,650
Other current assets	662	1,171
	-----	-----
Total current assets	3,141	8,042
Property and equipment, net	2,679	3,097

Other assets	482	476
Total assets	\$ 6,302	\$ 11,615
<b>Liabilities and redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' net capital deficiency</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 963	\$ 656
Accrued liabilities	960	551
Current portion of notes payable	808	913
Current portion of capital lease obligations	464	615
Deferred rent	81	68
Deferred revenue	--	2,406
Total current liabilities	3,276	5,209
Notes payable	978	1,044
Capital lease obligations	116	143
Deferred rent	--	17
Commitments		
Redeemable convertible preferred stock, \$0.001 par value, 50,357 shares authorized at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, issuable in series; 47,233 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002; aggregate liquidation preference of \$ 71,143 at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002	70,557	70,557
Stockholders' net capital deficiency:		
Common stock, \$ 0.001 par value, 75,000 shares authorized at March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2002; 7,676 and 7,641 shares issued and outstanding at March 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002, respectively	8	8
Additional paid-in capital	2,523	2,512
Notes receivable from stockholders	(478)	(471)
Deferred stock-based compensation	(45)	(46)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	--	(1)
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(70,633)	(67,357)
Total stockholders' net capital deficiency	(68,633)	(65,363)
Total liabilities, redeemable convertible preferred stock and stockholders' net capital deficiency	\$ 6,302	\$ 11,615

See accompanying notes.

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Unaudited Condensed Statements of Operations**  
**(In thousands)**

	Three Months Ended		Period from inception (April 16, 1996) through March 31, 2003
	March 31, 2003	March 31, 2002	
Research and product revenues	\$ 2,570	\$ 1,159	\$ 12,913
Operating expenses:			
Research and development	4,345	5,393	71,994
General and administrative	1,473	974	16,699
Total operating expenses	5,818	6,367	88,693



Loss from operations	(3,248)	(5,208)	(75,780)
Interest income	32	381	6,163
Interest expense	(64)	(89)	(1,612)
Other income, net	4	25	596
	-----	-----	-----
Net loss	\$ (3,276)	\$ (4,891)	\$ (70,633)
	=====	=====	=====

See accompanying notes.

**Eos Biotechnology, Inc.**  
**(a development stage company)**  
**Unaudited Condensed Statements of Cash Flows**  
**(In thousands)**

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Period from inception (April 16, 1996) through March 31, 2003
	----- 2003	2002 -----	-----
<b>Operating activities</b>			
Net loss	\$ (3,276)	\$ (4,891)	\$ (70,633)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Gain on sale of subsidiary	--	--	(6,959)
Amortization of prepaid research supply contract	--	--	6,208
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation	1	6	914
Depreciation and amortization	447	412	5,368
Issuance of stock options to consultants for services	--	--	95
Beneficial conversion feature related to bridge loan	--	--	68
Acquired technology and patent rights for redeemable convertible preferred stock	--	--	113
Accrued interest income on notes receivable from stockholders	(7)	(33)	(215)
Forgiveness of interest on notes receivable	--	--	63
Value of warrants issued for bridge loan and lease agreement	--	--	508
Loss on disposal of capital equipment	--	--	16
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Other current assets	509	297	(662)
Other assets	(6)	1	(419)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	716	(196)	1,923
Deferred rent	(4)	(9)	81
Deferred revenue	(2,406)	(1,000)	--
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash used in operating activities	(4,026)	(5,413)	(63,531)
	-----	-----	-----
<b>Investing activities</b>			
Purchases of available-for-sale investments	--	(4,672)	(80,795)
Maturities of available-for-sale investments	5,651	5,704	80,795
Capital expenditures	(29)	(188)	(4,550)
Proceeds from sale of subsidiary	--	--	7,439
	-----	-----	-----
Net cash provided by investing activities	5,622	844	2,889
	-----	-----	-----
<b>Financing activities</b>			
Proceeds from notes payable	--	100	4,119
Principal payments on notes payable	(171)	(240)	(1,333)
Principal payments on capital leases	(178)	(145)	(3,413)
Repayments on stockholder notes	--	--	452
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	11	5	186
Net proceeds from issuance of redeemable convertible preferred stock	--	--	63,110

Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(338)	(280)	63,121
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,258	(4,849)	2,479
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1,221	12,325	--
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 2,479	\$ 7,476	\$ 2,479
<b>Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information</b>			
Cash paid during the period for interest	\$ 64	\$ 89	\$ 1,477

See accompanying notes.

Eos Biotechnology, Inc.  
(a development stage company)  
Notes to Unaudited Condensed Financial Statements

## 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### Organization and Business

Eos Biotechnology, Inc. (the "Company"), a Delaware corporation, was formed in 1996. The Company is engaged in drug discovery and development and makes use of proprietary genomics tools and databases to identify disease targets against which therapeutic antibodies are developed. The Company is in the development stage and has devoted substantial effort to developing a new product.

### Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited interim condensed financial statements, in the opinion of management, reflect all adjustments (consisting only of normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's financial position as of March 31, 2003 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2003 and 2002. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in annual financial statements prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States have been condensed or omitted. The results of operations of the interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results of operations for the entire year. The interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2002 included elsewhere in this Form 8K/A. The unaudited condensed balance sheet as of December 31, 2002 is derived from such audited financial statements.

### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For the three months ended March 31, 2003 and 2002, total comprehensive loss was \$3.3 million and \$5.0 million, respectively. Total comprehensive loss is comprised of net loss and unrealized gains and losses on available-for-sale securities.

### Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for grants of stock options to employees in accordance with the provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, *Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees* (APB 25), and related interpretations. Accordingly, the Company does not recognize compensation cost in accounting for its stock option plan for awards that have an exercise price equal to the estimated fair value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

Pro forma net loss information required by SFAS 123 has been determined as if the Company had accounted for its employee stock options under the fair value method of SFAS 123. The fair value for these options was estimated at the date of grant using the minimum value method and the following assumptions: risk-free interest rate of 3.8% in 2003 and 2002, an expected life of five years, and no dividends.

For purposes of pro forma disclosures, the estimated fair value of the options is amortized to expense over the vesting period of the options using the straight-line method. The effects of applying SFAS 123 for pro forma disclosures are not likely to be representative of the effects on reported net loss for future years. If the Company had elected to recognize compensation cost based on the fair value of options granted at the grant date and amortized over the options' vesting period as prescribed by SFAS 123, pro forma information is as follows (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended March 31,		Period from inception (April 16, 1996) through March 31, 2003
	2003	2002	
Net loss, as reported	\$ (3,276)	\$ (4,891)	\$ (70,633)
Add: Stock-based employee compensation expense included in reported net loss, net of related tax effects	1	6	914
Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects	(110)	(107)	(820)
Pro forma net loss	\$ (3,385)	\$ (4,992)	\$ (70,539)

The Company accounts for stock option grants to non-employees in accordance with the Emerging Issues Task Force Consensus No. 96-18, "Accounting for Equity Instruments That Are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services" (EITF 96-18), which requires the options subject to vesting to be periodically revalued and expensed over their vesting periods.

### Merger Agreement

On February 4, 2003, the Company entered into a merger agreement with Protein Design Labs, Inc. (PDL). Upon consummation of the merger Eos shareholders will receive approximately \$37,500,000 in PDL common stock, subject to certain conditions. Additionally, consummation of the merger will trigger various provisions of change of control agreements between the Company and certain of its officers. One provision is that the Company will be obligated to pay these officers acquisition bonuses aggregating approximately \$2,850,000 and will forgive approximately \$579,000 of shareholder and employee notes and accrued interest. Furthermore, vesting of restricted stock and stock options to purchase approximately 2,687,000 shares of the Company's common stock will be accelerated.

**CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to Section 906 of the Public Company Accounting Reform and Investor Protection Act of 2002 (18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted), Mark McDade, the Chief Executive Officer of Protein Design Labs, Inc. (the "Company"), and Glen Sato, the Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies that, to the best of his knowledge:

1. The Company's amended Current Report on Form 8-K/A to which this Certification is attached as Exhibit 99.4 (the "Current Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
2. The historical information with respect to the Company contained in the Current Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company for the periods covered by the Current Report.

Dated: June 17, 2003			
/s/ Mark McDade		/s/ Glen Sato	
Mark McDade		Glen Sato	
Chief Executive Officer		Chief Financial Officer	

Note: This Certification is furnished only if and to the extent that Form 8-K is determined to be a "periodic report" within the meaning of Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. This certification shall not be deemed "filed" by the Company for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act") and is not to be incorporated by reference into any filing of the Company under the Exchange Act or the Securities Act of 1933. A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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